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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/600,353	06/23/2003	Hitoshi Wada	116342	7105
25944	7590 05/25/2004		EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BI P.O. BOX 19	ERRIDGE, PLC	MULLINS, BURTON S		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2834	

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			E. AST			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	*			
Off: A (1 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 -	10/600,353	WADA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Burton S. Mullins	2834				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence add	iress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a re oly within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT e, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this contains the mailing date of this contains the mailing date.	mmunication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>_</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ∑ This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3 and 5 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 4,6 and 7 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Ap prity documents have been i au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s)	_					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)	ummary (PTO-413) /Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO- 	-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on was filed after the mailing date of the on . The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97.

Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ishida (US 5,708,316). Ishida teaches an alternator comprising: a rotor 2; a stator core 5 disposed to oppose the rotor (Fig.2), wherein the stator core is formed with a plurality of slots 33 extending in an axial direction (Fig.3), and each of the slots is defined with a first wall and a

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second wall (not numbered) that oppose each other in a circumferential direction (Fig.3); and a stator winding comprising phase coils 27-29 wound around the stator core (c.1, lines 56-57), wherein the stator winding includes insertion portions (not numbered, see Fig.3) held in the slots and each of the insertion portions has a circumferential width that is smaller than a distance between the first wall and the second wall of the slot (see Fig.3), wherein the insertion portion contacts one of the first wall and the second wall of the slot (see Fig.3), e.g., the insertion portion of phase coil 27 is shown as contacting the left wall of the slot 33 located between tooth 30 and 31.

Claims 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yasuhara et al. (US 6,548,933). Yasuhara teaches a rotary electric machine comprising: a rotor (not shown, inherent); a stator core 2 disposed to oppose the rotor, wherein the stator core is formed with a plurality of slots 3 extending in an axial direction (Fig.2), and each of the slots is defined with a first wall and a second wall (not numbered) that oppose each other in a circumferential direction (Fig.15); and a stator winding 4 wound around the stator core (Fig.8), wherein the stator winding includes insertion portions (not numbered, Fig.7) held in the slots, and each of the insertion portions has a circumferential width that is smaller than a distance between the first wall and the second wall of the slot (Figs.8&14), wherein the insertion portion contacts one of the first wall and the second wall of the slot (Fig.8).

Regarding claim 5, each winding 4 comprises plural U-shaped conductor segments with first and second insertion portions and a turn portion 5 connecting the first and second insertion portions (c.3, lines 57-62; Fig.7).

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6. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Umeda et al. (US 5,994,813). The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131. Umeda teaches an alternator comprising: a rotor 3; a stator core 2 disposed to oppose the rotor (Fig. 1), wherein the stator core is formed with a plurality of slots 202 extending in an axial direction (Fig.3), and each of the slots is defined with a first wall and a second wall (not numbered) that oppose each other in a circumferential direction (Fig. 3); and a stator winding 20 wound around the stator core, wherein the stator winding includes insertion portions (not numbered, see Fig.3) held in the slots and each of the insertion portions has a circumferential width that is smaller than a distance between the first wall and the second wall of the slot (see Fig. 3), wherein the insertion portion contacts one of the first wall and the second wall of the slot (see Fig.3). Regarding claim 2, as seen in Fig.3, each insertion portion of winding 20 has opposited first and second surfaces which face the first and second walls of the slot, respectively. Regarding claim 3, as seen in Fig.3, the insertion portions are rectangular. See also Figs. 7-8 embodiment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Umeda et al. (US 5,994,813). The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). For applications filed on or after November 29, 1999, this rejection might also be overcome by showing that the subject matter of the reference and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person. See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2).

Umeda's first embodiment generally teaches applicant's invention but does not teach U-shaped conductor segments with first and second insertion portions connected by a turn portion.

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Umeda, however, does teach a second embodiment wherein the stator winding is formed by plural U-shaped conductors 203 each comprising first and second insertion portions 203A connected by a turn portion 203B (Fig.9). Forming the stator winding from such U-shaped conductors enables the manufacturer to provide different hardness in the axial direction to thus reduce vibration (c.4, lines 25-33).

It would have been obvious to modify the conductors in Umeda's first embodiment and provide U-shaped segments per Umeda's second embodiment since this would have been desirable to reduce vibration.

Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 4 and 6-7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claim 4, the prior art does not teach that plural insertion portions alternately contact the first wall and the second wall of the slot. Ishida does not teach plural insertion portions arranged in line along a radius of the core. In Yasuhara, the insertion portions of each coil contact either one or the other slot wall, but not both, and not in an alternating fashion (Fig.8).

Regarding claim 6, the prior art does not teach or suggest that a variability in distance between the first and second insertion portions by resilient deformation of the turn portion, and that the first and second insertion portions contact one of the first and second walls by spring back of the resilient deformation.

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Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Burton S. Mullins whose telephone number is 571-272-2029.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9 am to 5 pm. If attempts to reach

the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be

reached on 571-272-2034. The fax phone number for the organization where this application

or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for

unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about

the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the

Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-

free).

Burton S. Mullins

Primary Examiner

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bsm

May 15, 2004